INVESTIGATION

House Committee Heard Evidence Yesterday.

MATTER UP IN SENATE ALSO

Senator Bacon Offered Resolution Ask ing President to Defer Proclamation of Treaty-He Withdrew it on Account of Opposition.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, April 1 - and investigation of charges made in connection
with the Danish West Indies purchase was begun to-day before the special mattee appointed by Speaker Henderson. Besides the members of the committee there was present Niels Gron, who brought the charges to the attention of Representative Richardson, and quite a humber of interested spectators. FIRST WITNESS.

Mr. Gron was the first witness sworr by Chairman Dalzell. He said that in February last parties in Copenhagen, who opposed the transfer of the Danish West Indies to the United States, con ferred with him and brought to his at-tention the Christmas report. Chairman Dalzeil asked who these parties were. The witness said they were members of the Danish Upper House, but he did not think it proper to give their names, he was at present the representative in this country of these parties.

ALEXANDER INNOCENT.

Mr. Gron gave way temporarily to Representative Alexander, of Buffalo, who desired to make a complete disclaimer of my knowledge of Christmas or the Danth, temporarily. ish transaction.

Continuing his statement, Mr. Gron ex-plained how the Danish parties opposing plained how the Danish parties opposits a sale of he islands had persuaded him to come to Washington and place the Christmas report before Congress and the public, so that the facts would be known. He told of having secured a note of introduction to General Grosvenor.

APPEALED TO GROSVENOR.

Mr. Gron told in great detail of bring-ing the papers before General Grosvenor, who at first seemed quite indignant. The who at first seemed quite indignant. The witness said that later General Grosvenor concluded that it would be proper to lay the matter before the Secretary of State. This was done and Mr. Gron said he learned that the State Department held that it could take no action and that the authorities here had in no way comthe authorities here had in he way com-mitted themselves to Christmas. REFUSED BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

He (Gron) had prepared a statement for the Associated Press, and had asked Mr. Crane, a newspaper man, to send some one from the Associated Press to him for the statement, and also to Gen-eral Grosvenor for assurances as to Gron's standing. He said he was informed the day after he submitted the statement that the Associated Press could not use it. Afterward, he said, he submitted his statement to several news papers and more or less of it was printed. The witness then detailed how he had placed the matter before Representatives Richardson and Underwood, who had gene over the papers.

HIS PURPOSE.

"What was your purpose in bringing

"What was your purpose in bringing it before members?" asked Mr. Dalzell. "To get it into the House and before the American people," answered the wit-

In response to inquirles the witness took up various branches of the case lie said he represented those constituting the "No-Sale" party in Denmark. He denied absolutely the statement that

he (Gron) had signed a contract with Christmas by which he (Gron) and Rog-ers were to have two-thirds of the commission. He had never made any con-

tract of any character with Christmas, but the latter had made over a power of attorney to him, which later he (Gron) repudiated. Mr. Rogers saw Christmas, he testified, but once. After that Rogers refused to see Christmas or answer his letters or telegrams. Mr. Hitt asked him specifically if it

knew what press associations were re-ferred to in the Christmas reports. GROSVENOR'S STATEMENT.

Representative Grosvenor made a state ment at the end of the session. He spok of receiving the note introducing A Gron, and of going over the papers with im. At that time Mr. Grosvener felt that the matter should be looked into with a view of ascertaining if there was any irregularities. He conferred with Cahlrman Cannon, of the Appropriation committee and asked that if an appro priation bill for the Danish purchase camin, that action on it by deferred until Mi Grosvenor returned from a Western trip and had an opportunity to go over the papers. Mr. Grosvenor later saw Secretary Hay, who held that there was nothing in the charges of which cognizance will be taken. should be taken.

Resuming his testimony, Mr. Gron re lated his connection with the Scand navian Department of the National Republican Committee in 1896, to which place he said Senator Hanna had appointed h'm. Later he said Senator Hanna gay him a letter of recommendation to the tw

him a letter of recommendation to the tw Massachusetts Senators, Messrs. Her and Lodge, and the latter in turn reommended Gron to the President for ar pointment as Minister to Siam.

IS A REPUBLICAN.

Mr. Gron said he was a Republicat had canvassed for that party in 1892 and 1896, and in 1897 had been a candidate for the Dauish mission. He produced a letter in favor of his candidacy signed by Senator Cullom, of Illinois, and endorsiby the late Senator Davis, of Minneson In reply to specific questions he said he knew of no Senator or Representative who had been bribed or whom arone had attempted to bribe. At the Statestand Control of t

e had attempted to bribe. At the Stat

one had attempted to bribe. At the Sta-Department he had only personally see Mr. Kasson.

Mr. Gron was then excused.

Chairman Dalzell announced that he had summoned Abner McKinley, Colonia Brown and Fischer Hansen, and tha they would appear on Thursday.

PROVOKED SMART DEBATE.

Resolution to Defer Proclamation

Danish Treaty.

(By Associated Press)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 1.—In the
executive session of the Senate to-day
Senator Bacon, of Georgia, offered a reso lution requesting the President to def-the issuing of his proclamation announce ing the acquisition of the Danish Wes Indies under the terms of the treaty r the pending investigation and charges of bribery made in connection with that treaty should be concluded the House of Representatives.

The resolution provoked a smart de bate, which was participated in by Sena tors Bacon and Money, both Democratic members of the Committee on Forega-Relations, on the one side, and by Sena-

tors Cullom, Lodge, Hanna, Allison, Nel son and other Republicans, on the other

Senator Bacon outlined the charges made by M. Gron, and said that he did not for a minute accept this report as true, but felt that inasmuch as the Houshad taken sufficient cognizance of it to order an investigation, the Senate should take some step, in view of its recent ac-tion in ratifying the treaty, looking to suspension of final action by this ABINGDON, VA., April 1.-Sister Ma-

UKSE CUKED BY SWAMP-ROOT. SOCIAL AND PERSONAL DANISH ISLES TRAINED NURSE CURED

Used by Hospitals—Prescribed by Doctors.

To Prove What This Wonderful Remedy Will do for YOU, Every Reader of The Times May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.



MISS ALICE BROWN.

MISS ALICE BROWN.

Miss Alice Brown, the well-known trained nurse, is in a position to speak with knowledge. She was formely with the St. Louis Baptist Hospital and has had many trying experiences in er arduous vocation. She adds her valuable testimony to the thousands aiready received by swamp-Root. She said in a signed interview with a R-porter of the St. Louis Star:

"Although a woman in my position can receive plenty of prescriptions from physicians without cost, it was upon the advice of a well known West End Poctor that I began to take swamp-Foot. No, I will not tall you his name, for he might not like it. But all the same, I lok it when I was run down from night work in the sick room. I was thin and yellow and tired even when I ro-e from my sle p. Swamp-Root gave me a relish for my food and cleared my blood from its stagnant impurities. Or c urse I do not praise Swamp-Root as a cure for all traubles, but it is spiendid for the kidmays stomach and bowels and relieves female disriders when all other remedies have failed to give relief. I know of many cases in the hospital cured by this wonderful remedy.

1519 Semple Ave., St. Louis, Mo. Alice Trown

the Catholic Cemetery at Wytheville,

to which town the Villa Maria Convent will be permanently removed from this

own in a few weeks, they having no

chased recently the beautiful and costly

property which was erected and embel-lished by the former ex-Marshal for the

Western District of Virginia, Robert Gib-

W. H. Gillian.

(Special Dispatch to The Times.

HEATHSVILLE, VA., April 1 .- Mr. W

I, Gillian, a priminent farmer of North-

umberland county, who has far a large

Samuel W. Hough.

(Special Dispace to the Traces)
LEESBURG, VA., March 21.—Mr. Samuel W. Hough, who was taken to Washington on Thursday last and operated upon at the Garfield Hospital, died on Friday and was buried to-day at Hills-

poro. He was in the fifty-fifth year of his age, and was greatly beloved and

James Jones.

(Special Dispatch to The Times.)
FREEDRICKSBURG, VA., April 1.—
Mr. James Jones, a well-known citizen of

he Wildernes neighborhood in Spotsyl-

ania county, died at his home to-day

aged 82 years. He is survived by three sons and three daughters.

Fletcher A. Avers.

(Special Dispatch to The Times.)
ROANOKE, VA., April 1.—Fietcher A.
Ayers, a popular employe of the shops.

died this morning, after a brief illness.

DEATHS OF A DAY.

NEWARK, N. J. April 1.—Dr. Thomas Dunn English, died early to-day. Dr. English, who was a writer of some note, was widely known as the author of "Ben Bolt." He was born in Philadelphia

in 1819, and was graduated from the Uni-

versity of Pennsylvania as a doctor of medicine in 1839. Later he studied law and

was admitted to the Philadelphia Bar He engaged in journalism in New York

rom 1844 to 1859, when he came to New-

LENTZ.—Dled, on Chelsea Hill, Monday night, March 31, 1902, at 11:30 o'clock, JOHN LENTZ, in his sixty-third year. Funeral will take place from the house THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON at 2 Colock

He will be buried in Bedford.

He was unmarried.

(Special Dispatch to The Times,

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering t, an any other disease, therefore, when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to online, fatal results are sure to follow.

other disease, thereto e, when through neglect or other causes, kinney double is permitted to infinite, fatal results are sure to follow.

We often see a relative, a friend, or an acquaintance apparently well, but in a few days we may be grieved to learn of their severe illness, or sudden death, caused by that fatal type if kidney trouble—Bright's Disease.

The mid and extraordinary effect of the great kidney and bladder remedy, Dr. Kilmer's wamp-Root, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most disressing cases. Hospitals use it with wonderful success in both slicht and severe cases. Doctors recommend it to their patients and use it in their own families, because they recognize a Swamp-Root the greatest and most successful remeay. A trial will convince anyone—and you may have a sam lee bothe sent free by mail.

EDITORIAL NOTE—If you have the slightest symptoms of kidney or b'adder trouble, or there is a trace of it in your family history, se d at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, S. Y., who will glady send you by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a samp e bothe of swamp-Root and a book telang all about Swamp-Root and containing many of the thousands pon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. In wrining to Dr. timer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say that you read this generous olier in the sictimonal Daily Times.

lyou are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the agular fifty-ceit and one-dolar size bottles at the drug stores everywhere. Don't make any istake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kumer's Swamp-Root, and the address,

boney.

respected.

Senate could reconsider its action of rational fields of the convent at this senate could reconsider its action of rational fields of the convent at this senate could reconsider its action of rational fields of the convent at this senate could reconsider its action of rational fields of the convent at this senate could reconsider the convent at this senate could reconsider the convent at this senate could reconsider its action of the convent at this senate could reconsider its action of rational fields at the Convent at this senate could reconsider its action of rational fields at the Convent at this senate could reconsider its action of rational fields at the Convent at this senate could reconsider its action of rational fields at the Convent at this senate could reconsider its action of rational fields at the Convent at this senate could reconsider its action of rational fields at the Convent at this senate could reconsider its action of rational fields at the convent at this senate could reconsider its action of rational fields at the convent at this senate could reconsider its action of rational fields at the convent at this senate could reconsider its action of rational fields at the convent at this senate could reconsider its action of rational fields at the convent at esident to hold the matter up tempor-ly or finally in case it should be proved years ago. She will be buried to-morrow that the charges were not without foundation.

Senator Bacon was interrupted frequently by Republican Senators, and when he took his seat there were several of them in the floor ready to respond to his suggestion. They agreed to a man that the senate was not called on to take any action under the circumstances, saying that he charges had not been made public and were not known when the treaty was atified; that the President could be depended upon to perform his duties with-out any hint from the Senate and that out any hint from the Senate and that the House investigation probably very soom would develop that the charges were based upon nothing. They expressed retret that any charges had been made, ret that any charges had been made, but said they saw no reason why the sale but said they saw no reason why the sale wife and five little children.

f the islands should not proceed Senator Bacon closed the incident by aving that he could not press the resolution in view of the expressions of so cany Senators, and in consequence of this announcement the Senate adjourned without taking action. vithout taking action.

Vestrymen Elected. ine congregation of St. Mark's Church as elected the following vestrymen for

ne ensuling year;
S. T. Beveridge, senior warden; P. A.
rthur, junior warden; F. D. Beveridge,
easurer; W. T. Tyrer, registrar; G. W.
attmer, Emmet Harris, Hez Harris,
illam A. Snider, R. C. Carter, William
Eaton, Powhatan Nash, J. H. Markmember.

nd, new member.
There were one or two inaccuracies in a list of St. Paul's vestrymen as inted in The Times yesterday. The silowing is a correct list:
Dr. J. B. McCaw. W. C. Bently, John C. Branch, Dr. George Ross. B. B. Munord. B R. Wellford, F. H. Deane, Chasavenport, Thomas Rutherford, Major lobert Stiles, J. B. Young and R. Carter cott.

cott.
The following vestry was elected at the hurch of the Holy Trinity:
James M. Ball, John W. Gordon, H. T. teloney, E. T. D. Myers, Jr., R. M. mith, P. H. Baskerylle, J. H. Capers, J. P. Glenn, O. J. Sones E. C. Mayo, J. M. Mor, Jr., A. P. Wilmer.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Nannie J. Chalkley.

Mrs. Nannie J. Chalkley died at the esidence of her son, Mr. Thomas B. halkley, No. 614 1-2 North Twenty-third

anghter of Mr. C. S. Oliver, died yester-tay morning at the home of her uncle, Mr. J. H. Oliver, No. 826 Meadow Street. The funeral will take place from the home this morning at 11:30 o'cleck.

Sister Marie Basil. (Special Dispatch to The Times.)

Assembly was danced last night in a brilliantly lighted ball-room, and proved of Thilow's Orchestra to the first strains of Thilow's Orchestra to the final ones of "Home, Sweet Home." Mr. Adolphus Blair was the skilled leader and intro-duced several favor figures, which, with caps and hells, turned the pretty dancers into merry jesters, while at other times, with gay ribbons, he twined them into a charming rainbow.

The supper table was daintily decorated in American beauties, and the appetizing menu consisted of

Raw Oysters. Chicken Croquettes and Green Peas. Tomatoes, with French Dressing.

Ice Cream. Fancy Cakes. Salted Almonds. Peppermints. Sherry Coffee. Among the dancers, several of whom were in charming new dance costumes

Mrs. Mary McGuire, tan mousseline over Mrs. Mary McGuire, tan mousseline over blue taffeta, black velvet ribbon. Mrs. John Farland, black jet chiffon, choux of blue liberty ribbon. Mrs. William Todd, white chiffon ap-pliqued in cream, black velvet on sleeves

mrs. W. M. Taliaferro, black net, trim-nings of black satin ribbon. Mrs. Richard Wilson, green organdy, choux of green ribbon, narrow black vel-

Mrs. Bernard Guest, white point d'es-prit, ruffles edged with ribbon, nile green ribbons, chiffon. Mrs. Austin Brockenbrough, white or gandy, rose creton applique, panels

pink ribbons. Mrs. W. S. P. Mayo, white lace over

Mrs. W. S. P. Mayo, white lace over silk, trimmings of white lace chiffon and blue panne velvet.

Mrs. Charles Evelyn Smith, yellow silk, black velvet, chiffon, crushed roses.

Mrs. Adolphus Blair, white organdy, pink ribbons and pearls.

Mrs. Robert Blankenship, black lace over silk, girdle of black jet.

Miss Eştelle de Saussure, dainty white organdy, old rose on dress and in hair.

organdy, old rose on dress and in hair. Miss Lindsay, nile green, soft silk, white flowers on shoulder.

Miss Daisy Chamberlayne, purple flowered organdy, purple trimmings and black velvet.

Miss Nancy Cocke, nile green organdy, zoure of lace and chiffon.

Miss Charlotte Young, black jetted net over taffeta, blue ribbons and real lace.

Miss Agnes McCarthy, black net over taffeta, jetted chiffon.

Miss Amelia Pilson, gold embroidered mousseline, blue panne velvet around waist, white chiffon flowers with black velvet petals.

Miss Mary Rogers, black tucked silk, ace, nile green ribbons.

Miss Addie Bowe, white crepe de chine,

Miss Addie Bowe, white crepe de Chile, chiffon lace and red roses.

Miss Grace Shields, white tucked organdy, bertha lace, blue ribbon and violets.

Miss Julia Bidgood, pink organdy, lace pink ribbons, white tuile in hair

Miss Henningham Spillman, white tucked net over taffeta. libes of the valley on shoulder, carrying American beauties. shoulder, carrying American beauties.

Aliss Josephine Putney, write suverspangled net, chiffon, crushed pansies on

Shoulders.

Miss Elizabeth L. Dame, of Baltimore, pink crepe de chine, satin ribbon lace, pmk on shoulders.

Miss Maude Morgan, white panne silk,

Miss Maude Morgan, white panie sik, lace applique, dash blue velvet.

Miss Bessie Smith, of the University of Virginia. white silk chiffon, baby ruchings gathered of white ribbons.

Miss Lily Hill, white dotted silk net on Persian silk.

Miss Marianne Meade, white silk crepe, lace berthy and chiffon.

lace bertha and chiffon.

Miss Norvel Jones, black net over taffeta, American beauties.

Miss Edith Jones, black lace over white

Miss Bessie Doyle, pink silk mull, pink

ribbons.

Miss Lily Urquhart, pink, point d'esprit, trimmed with bands of satin ribbon and carrying American beauties.

Miss Katherine Michaux, yellow tissue over silk, trimmings of pale blue, forget

me-nots.

M'ss Sophie Meredith, black silk mull, jet and violets.

Miss Kate Meredith, plnk silk, white

lace over dress, name velvet, viole's Among the gentlemen were Messrs, Frank Hill, Harry McGuire, Robert Williams, Julian Hill. — Anderton, W. S. P. Mayo, Willie Watkins, Boyd Bland. Tazew-Il Watkins, Horace Stringfellow, Albert Tanner, E. A. Barbour, John Farland, William Todd, Leslie Reed, Brooks, Lames Watter, Augustian Library, Augustian Libra Watson, Augustine Humes, of New York; Richard Wilson, W. M. Taliaferro, Bernard Guest, Austin Brockenbrough, Zar Fu'ler, Gray Moseley, Frank Powers, lames Rutherford, George Lathrop, Ed-James Rutherrord, George Lathor, Sward Wright, Carlton McKenny, Over't w Steger, Pollard Cardoza, Henry Hotch-kiss, Robert Blankenship, Charles Evelyn Smith, Frank Blankenship.

The Easter german of Misses Archer dancing class, which was danced at the Relvidere Hall Monday night, was for the younger element of the society world the social event of this week. Under the skillful leadership of Mr. Richard Woodward, the merry throng of dancers were wound into many pretty and intricate fig wound into many pretty and interest were: Misses Lilian Binford. Mary Moulton. Emily Hutchinson, Martha Ann Lundy. Mattie Lambert. Rena Glazebrook, Eugenie Taylor, Lucy Stevens, Louise Seldon, of Goochland; Gertrude Skelton, Ann Morris, Mary Drake, Louise Herbert, Kate Beathand Mary Drake, Louise Herbert, Kate Ber son, Catherine Watkins, Louise McAdams Marga etta Wise, of New York; Augusta Ball, of Maryland; Lucy Tatum, Mildred Woodward, Page Dabney, Miss Howard, of West Virginia; Louise Archer, Lizzie Hotchkiss, Allen Jennings, Ellen Meade. Linda Bargamin, ¿Lily Booker; Messrs Frank O'Ferrall, Brooke Jones, John James, Otway Chalkley, Roy Jones, Henry P. arson, Catesby Jones, Walter Jones, Henry Hotchkiss, 'Allen Newton, Tom Dunn, Elmore Hatchkiss, James Dunler William Ferbert, George Sutton, Morris Wingo, Leslie Jennings, Harry Walker, Albert W. Cov. Thomas Brockenbrough rvin Blair, Carl Goodloe, Breedon, James Fall, Turney, Paughman, William Archer Richard Bidgood, George Morgan, Charles l'odd, Warner Robins and others.

Master Patrick Henry Starke Dawson entertained his little friends yesterday afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock at an Easter egg hunt. The little tots, after enjoying a spirited hunt and obtaining dainty baskets as souvenirs, enjoyed the feast of good things provided by the little host. Among the young guests were: Misses Elizabeth Hobson, Ellen lace, Catherine Pleasants, Nancy Perkins, Elizabeth Taliaferro, Dorothy Cullen, Martha Purcell, Susie Starke, Jean Gray Heck: Masters Hubert Sutton, Frederick Atkins, John Potts, John Gordon Wallace, Churchill Young, Marshall Munce, Locket Bemiss, Robert Montague, Drewry Blair Edwin Lafferty, Edwin Roden, Evans Chesterman, Matthew Pleasants and oth

plete the improvements of Jamest win be-fore the annual excursion next May. Af-ter much routine business the meeting djourned. Those present were Mrs. P Bagby, Mrs. John S. Wellford, Mrs. Archer Anderson, Mrs. E. V. Valantine, Mrs. J. Taylor Ellyson, Mrs. C. B. Pall, Captain and Mrs. Gordon McCabe, Mrs. city.

R. H. Bosher's Sons, CARRIAGE AND WAGON BUILDERS SPRING OPENING.

Victorias Cabriolets Boulevards



Depot Rockaways Coupe Rockaways Extension Tops

The most complete stock of Vehicles of every description to be found in the city, all of the latest fashion. You are cordially invited to examine our display, which includes Runabouts, in a dozen styles. Surreys, Phaetons, Coverts, Stanhopes and Daytons, Business and Pleasure Wagons. Repairing and Repainting. A number of second-hand vehicles for sale.

R. H. BOSHER'S SONS, 15 South 9th St.

T. Robins, Mrs. Joseph R. Anderson, Dr. John S. Wellford, Mr. E. V. Valentine and Mr. W. H. Sheppard.

The Washington Memorial Association met yesterday at noon at the residence of Mrs. R. W. Watkins. The poorts of a disorganization, which had been circulated, were emphatically denied, and the association will still continue to flourish. The plans regarding the Carnegie University and its relations to the association were discussed. Mrs. Decamir Astell was in the chair, and among others present were Miss Mary Lewis, Mrs. R. W. Watkins, Mrs. John Harrison, Mrs. Henry Gibson and Mrs. Enders Robinson.

Wedding bells will chime to-day. Among those for whom they will peal will be Miss Annie Lee Fourqurean and Mr. Algernon Storrs Grant, the ccremony tak ing place at the Grace Episcopal Church at 3:45 o'clock. Mr. John Archer Coke at 3:40 o clock. Mr. John Archer Coke and Miss Ann Elizabeth Harrison will be united in Petersburg to-night, the ceremony being followed by an elegant reception at the home of the bride's parents. Miss Annie E. Clayton, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William F.

daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William F. Clayton, will be married to Mr. Guy H. liyde, of Staunton, at the residence of her parents, No. 739 North Fourth Street.

The ping-pong party and silver tea at the residence of the Misses Meade is among the social attractions for to-day, and though invitations were issued, it was done as an advertisement, and any and all will be gladly welcomed by the and all will be gladly welcomed by the members of the Faithful Circle of King's Daughters.

Miss Etta Tucker, the daughter of Mr W. S. Tucker, was married to Mr. Horace Christian, at the residence of her brother, No. 41 North Twenty-fourth Street, Monday night. Both young people are from Hanover county, where they will make their future home.

Mr. Parke Poindexter Pollard,

Montgomery county, Va., and Miss Mary Anna Bottoms, of this city, were quietly married Monday afternoon at the bride's home, No. 1512 North I'wenty-fourth Street, Rev. J. O. Bab-ceck, the pastor of the bride, officiating.

Miss Rosa Archer returned last night from Washington, where she spent a defrom washingstillightful Easter.

Miss Alberta Williams will leave Friday to spend a few days with Judge Cardwell and family in Hanover.

Mr. Allen Freeman will return to-day to the Johns Hopkins University, after a five days' visit to his parents in this city. The Misses Morrison recall all the invitations to the tea which was to have been given this afternoon, owing to the illness of Miss Mary Williams.

Little Miss Belle Willard, the eldest daughter of the Lieutenant-Governor, and Mrs. Joseph E. Willard, entertained a few of her little friends at an Easter luncheon yesterday.

Mrs. Waller Scott will entertain the kate Wheelock Whist Club Thursday afternoon at her home on Park Avenue.

Miss Maude Gunther will arrive in the city from Baltimore to-day, and vill be the guest for two or three weeks of Miss Josephine Tyler.

Miss Mary Haw, who has been spend-MISS MARY Haw, who has been spending Easter in this city, has returned to her home, "Dundee," in Hanover county.

Wirs. William Fleming is at her home.

No 103 North Fourth Street,

Miss Annie Maury is visiting her covsins, the Misses Crutchfield, in Fredericksburg.

Mrs. Dorinda McRae, is spending a day or two with Mrs. Hugh D. Scott, at her home on Charles Street, Fredericksburg. Mice Emma Harris is spending Easter rith Miss Nannie Willis, in Fredericks-

burg.

Miss Louise Allen Mayo has returned to the city, after a delightful visit to Scranton. Pa., where she was bridesmaid at the wedding of her friend, M-ss Eliza-beth Parke, to Mr. Percy Ballentine, of beth Parks, Newark, N. J.

Mrs. George P. Stacy and Miss Louise Stacy arrived yesterday in Richmond.

ofter a delightful winter spent in Louisville and St. Louis. They are with Mrs. Robert Thomas at No. 307 East Franklin Street.

The Stay-at-Home Whist Club wi'l meet at the home of Mrs. Heningham Spilman, No. 101 West Main Street, Thursday eve-No. 101 West-ning at 8 o'clock. Mr. John H. Cecil, who has been spend-

ing the Easter vacation with his father, returned yesterday to Princeton University. Mr. and Mrs. John A. Flippo left yes-

terday for Fredericksburg, where they

will visit relatives, and then go to Washington and Baltimbre. Miss Indie G. Rudd has returned from

a delightful trip to Texas. Miss Ella Maye Womble, of the Woman's College, has returned to the city, after a short visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chapman P. Snead, of King

Writ of Error Granted the Alleged Ac complice of the Craigs. (Special Dispatch to The Thacs.)
WOCDSTOCK, VA., April 1.—Judge
Thomas Harrison, presiding at the April erm of the Circuit Court for Shenandoah county, to-day granted a writ of error in the case of John R. Linthicum,

LINTHICUM MAY GET OUT.

accomplice of the Craigs, who are now serving terms in the penitentiary, and for whose pardon an affecting appeal was recently made to the Governor by their wife and mother.

Mrs. B. B. Munford has returned to the

AN OLIGARCHY.

In closing his argument Senator Daniel deciared that the Republican party had recognized the negre problem in the District of Columbia, and instead of decking upon a property quantitation of other devices, had cut the Gordian knot by denying the right of voting to white and black alike, and the Government was on oilgarchy, the white citizens there preferring tyranny even to the social and political degradation consequent upon the unrestricted exercise of negro suffrage. (Great applause.)

He had no doubt in his mind that there He had no doubt in his mind that there would come a time when the people of the North would clap their hands in praise of Southern men who had so unselnshly and heroically preserved their race and their political institutions from the inevitable destruction of both by the influences which had been at work as the result of a wholesale placing of the ballot in the power of a race which was not prepared to exercise the responsibility of citizenship, or had shown any capacity for it after a long experience. Senator Daniel was most eloquent in his peroration, alluding to the gravity of the white man's burden, and adjuring all who felt inclined to criticise the un-

derstanding clause or taunt the makers of it to remember what the people of Virginia had patiently borne and suffered for more than a generation, and in their determination to be freed from the body of death, had been able to find only this as the safe, sure and constitu-tional means of relief. (Great applause.) Mr. Flood offered an amendment to section 1 to strike out the three years' prepayment of a poll tax and insert one

year. The amendment was, defeated by a roll-call vote of 16 to 57. This was the first test vote yet had, and its result was greeted with applause. The Democrats voting for it were Messrs. G. K. An-derson, Brown, Flood, B. T. Gordon, Green, Hubbard, Ingram, Marshall and Thom.

Section 1 was adopted without roll cail or division. Section 2, containing the temporary understanding clause, was

taken up.
TO STRIKE OUT. Mr. Thom offered an amendment strik-ing out the understanding feature of the conference plan. Mr. Thom referred to the intense desire of the people of the black belt" to have been given relief from odious and sickening conditions which had resulted from the uncurbed exercise of negro suffrage. He said he ould not trouble the convention with a speech on his views of the plan pro-posed, but would ask permission of the a speech on his views of the plan proposed, but would ask permission of the convention to have inserted in the official proceedings a stenographic report of his argument made before the suffrage conference in opposition to the report of the minority of the Suffrage Committee, which was practically the plan now under consideration.

On motion of Attorney-General Anderson, unanimous consent was given to have the speech made a part of the official record.

ficial record.

Mr. Thom was loudly cheered by mempers and visitors when he concluded his argument.

In supporting the amendment Judge Robertson said everybody knew that the understanding clause was intended to make election officers continue to do dirty work by placing white men on the regis books and keeping negroes off. FAVORED STRIKING OUT

Men here had made long speeches about the evil of bribery in elections who had voted for a fraudulent understanding clause and had refused to vote for a pro-vision that would prevent bribery of white cattle. He heartily concurred in the motion to strike out the whole understanding feature. Judge Robertson said that while e was a Democrat, he claimed to be a white man, loving his race, and as such he would not stigmatize it, here or here-after, by voting for the plan now under consideration.

In opposing the amendment Mr. Wysor said Mr. Thom was enamored of his own permanent understanding plan, and asserted that the people of Mr. Thom's own city repudiated it, and if it had never been introduced in the convention Governor Montague's majority would have been thousands more than it was in the State election. He gave a history of the various plans which had been pres to the conference and the means by which the plan now before the convention was arrived at. (This history has been repeatedly reported in these col-

Mr. Wysor claimed that he gave the death blow to the permanent understand-ing clause, and he was proud of having inflicted it and thereby destroyed the

compromise conference plan.

Mr. Glass called Mr. Wysor's attention to the fact that he agreed to the compromise plan because a property qualifi-cation had been tacked on to it by the

Gordon amendment.

Mr. Wysor, continuing, said he had opposed the understanding clause in any phase because he thought it unconstitutional, but having promised to vote for it, for the sake of defeating the compromise plan, which carried the possibility of a permanent understanding clause, he felt constrained now to defend and support the temporary understanding plan he secured the adoption of in the Demo-

cratic conference. fact that a majority of members from the "black belt" had voted for the relief the "black belt" had voted for the reliet which the plan now under consideration would afford them. He said it was a great concession for members from the white counties to make, and he desired that the "black belt" should be sufficiently mindful of it and grateful for it.

WILL VOTE AGAINST IT.

Dr. McIlwaine said he should vote for the understanding plan and against the amendment, as much as he disliked to do so, and in explanation of his real sentiments of hostlifty to it he asked

sentiments of hostility to it he asked consent to have published on the official record the speech he made in the suffrage conference in opposition to it. Leave to print was granted.

lessed the conserence plan and advocated a simple educational and poll tax requirement. He regretted exceedingly that he could not follow that typical American, Senator Daniel (great applause), in his leadership for the plan now soon to be adorted.

sail he was supporting the conference part not because he liked it, but to pro-ter his citalitacits from a properly qualification. His people did not need or desire any new suffrage plan, but were willing to give up that objection for the benear of giving relief to their white brethren of the "black belt."

He did not believe there would be the least unfairness in the administration of the understanding clause.

least unfairness in the administration of the understanding clause.

Mr. Braxton, amidst a chorus of "vote, vote," which had been heard at the conclusion of every speech since Mr. Wysor's, made a short speech, explaining why he had concluded to support a temporary understanding clause, when he had so frequently and bitterly opposed it. He was listened to with respectful attention as soon as he got underway.

He thought it was a choice of evils between a temporary and a permanent understanding clause, and between two evils he had been driven to choose the lesser.

Mr. Brown opposed the amendment and explained why he should vote for the conference plan in spite of his disapproval of almost everything in it.

WITH LITTLE CHANGE

(Continued from first Page.)
and of the best awyers who had written or studied the question, the sumrage pan was unaoubtedly constitutional.

AN OLIGARCHY.

val of almost everything in it.

Mr. Gillesple began a speech in support of the amendment and said he could heartily concur in any proposition which meant the destruction of an understanding clause. He was proceeding to comment on the pian submitted by the Democrate when the hour of two arrived, and he yielded to a motion to take a recess until 4 o'clock.

AN OLIGARCHY.

Afternoon Session

Mr. Gillespie resumed his argument at 4 o'clock . He attacked the constitution-4 o'clock. He attacked the constitutionality of the understanding clause, laying down as his first proposition that if administered honestly and fairly it would not accomplish the object for which it was intended; if that object was attained it must necessarily be done through an unfair or fraudulent administration. This, he said would bring it within the inhe said, would bring it within the in-hibition of the United States Supreme Court in the Williams case, as being administered with an "evil eye," although

administered with an evil eye, attacks, it was fair and lawful on its face.

Speeches in opposition to the motion to strike out the understanding clause were made by Messrs. Dunaway, Hatton and Glass, and the amendment was defeated by a vote of 21 to 44. The roll call was a follows: as follows:

as follows:
Yeas—Messrs. Blair, Bristow. Brooks.
Crismond, Davis, Earman, Gillespie, It.
Gordon, Green, Hamilton, Hubard, Ingram, Marshall, McIlwaine, Pedigo, Phil-Pollard. Rives, Summers,

lips, Pollard, Rives, Summers, Pollard, Waddill and Watson—21.
Nays—Messrs. W. A. Anderson, Ayers.
Barbour, Thomas H. Barnes, Bouldin,
Braxton, P. W. Campbell, Carter, Daniel,
Dunaway, Eggleston, Fairfax, Fletcher,
Carnett, Gilmore, Glass, B. T. Gordon,
James W. Gordon, Gregory, Hardy, Hat James W. Gordon, Gregory, Hardy, Hatten, Hooker, Hunton, Claggett B. Jones, Keezell, Lawson, Lindsay, Lovell, Miller, Moncure, R. Walton Moore, O'Flaherty, Parks, Pettit, Quarles, Smith, Stuart Tarry, Thornton, Turnbull, Walker, Willis, Withers, Wysor and Mr. President—

The following pairs were announced Messrs. Robertson and Parks, Flood and Wise, Lincoln and Wescott, R. L. Gor-don and Cobb, Hancock and Gregory, Mundy and Yancey.
Section two was adopted as a whole without further debate or opposition, as it was reported from the suffrage confering

PREREQUISITES FOR VOTING. Mr. Braxton moved to amend section three, which contains the requisites for voting after 1901. He made an earnest argument in favor of an amendment to allow no one except those unable to read

to receive aid in preparation of his bat-lot. The amendment was rejected by a vote of 13 to 58. A great many amendments were offer-

ed relating to the assistance to be ren-dered a voter in the preparation of his ballot, all of which were rejected. Mr. Lindsay Gordon presented his amendment providing for a Mr. Lindsay Gordon presented his amendment providing for a property qualification of \$200 as a prerequisite to vote, except that soldiers and their descendants should be exempted from the requirement. The amendment was rejected by a vote of 14 to 57, as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Barbour, Thomas H. Barnes, Boaz, Brooke, Brown, Fietcher, R. L. Gordon, Green, Hardy, Hubard, Clargett B. Jones, Moncure, Watson and

Wilns-14. Nays-Messrs. George K. Anderson, W. Nays—Messis. George K. Anderson, W. A. Anderson, Ayers, Blair, Bouldin, Bristow, Campbell, Carter, Crismond, Daniel, Davis, Dunaway, Eggleston, Fairfax, Garnett, Gilmore, Gillespie, Glass, James W. Gordon, Gwyn, Hancock, Hatton, Hooker, Hunton, Ingram, Keezell, Kendall, Lawson, Lincoln, Lindsay, Loyal Hooker, Hunton, Ingram, Keezell, Kendall, Lawson, Lincoln, Lindsay, Lovell, Marshall, McIlwaine, Miller, Moncure, R. Walton Moore, Mundy, O'glaherts, Pedigo, Fettit, Phillips, Pollard, Quarles, Rives, Smith, Stebbins, Stuart, Tarry, Thornton, Turnbull, Waddill, Walker, Withers, Wysor and Mr. President—57.

Mr. Gillespie moved to strike out the educational qualification. Rejected—12 to 54.

NAME AND RESIDENCE PARENTS. Mr. Giass moved to strike out the requirement that an applicant for registration should state the names and residence of his parents in his written ap-

rlicar cn. The amendment was also advocated by Mr. Stuart and other Southwest members.
M. Summers (Republican) declared that Abraham Lincoln, who was the second Washington, could not have given the react of one of his parents, at least withrecat of one of his parents, at least without a sense of shame and humiliation. Messrs. L'ndsay Gordon and Stebbins strongly opposed the amendment, saying it would take away about all the protection that was left to the "black beit". The amendment was adopted—ayes, 35: noes. 32. The solid Republican and Southwest vote followed Mr. Glass. Judge Kendall secured an amendment requiring the Legislature to enact such laws as might be necessary to secure the easting of a secret ballot.

As amended, section 3 was adopted as whole without division. The convention then, at 6:20 o'clock, adjourned until 10 o'clock to-day.

COLD-BLOODED

(Continued from First Page.)

admitted to the house. The officers husthed him on a ferry boat and out of the jurisdiction of the State of New Jersey and took him to the City Hall. He wore new clothes and had his old suit of lothes sent to his sister's home in Bur-

At the Camden station he telegraphed another sister at Bridgeton that he was coming to see her.
IS SORRY.

At the police station Lane said he was sorry for what he had done. He was surprised to hear that Eloise was alive and said he always liked her and hesitated to kill her, but "it was necessary to do so.'

"Now that I have been caught," he said. "I hope that she will recover. I am also sorry for Mrs. Furbush and Madeline, but poverty tempted me to do it, and must now suffer."

I must now suffer."
Later, Lane was taken to the hospital, where Eloise identified him, saying:
"He is William Lane, the man who killed my mother and sister and tried to kill me. You know you did, William."
In his presence her statement was taken, and Lane put the seal of accurate the saying.

lives in Bridgeton and has served a term in the Mount Holly jail (N. J.) for larceny and was confined in the Huntington (Pa.)

reformatory.

Mrs. L. E. Kammener is very ill at her residence at No. 139 South Cherry Street.

ark to practice medicine. He was a member of the New Jersey Legislature in 183-64. He served two terms in Congress from a New Jersey district. haikiey, No. 614 1-2 North Twenty-third treet, yesterday morning. Mrs. Chalkley was seventy-seven years of age. The aneral will take place from Venable-treet Baptist Church this afternoon at o'clock. v. A. was held at the Virginia Historical Society yesterday afternoon, and again the selling of the Jamestown land was not brought up. The Society was land was dering Bruce Lonas. to print was granted.

Judge Hancock spoke earnestly in support of the amendment, saying that he voted for the plan now before the convention when it was before the conference for the sole purpose of defeating the compromise plan. He vigorously critical the conference plan and advocated DEATHS. CHALKLEY.—Died, at the residence of her son, Thomas B. Chalkley, No. 614/ N. Twenty-third Street, at 5:30 A. M. Mrs. NANNIE J. CHALKLEY. Funeral will take place THIS AFTER-NOON at 4 o'clock from Venable-Street Baptist Church. acy to it by saying:
"Everything the child has said in Helen Marguerite Oliver. not brought up. The society gave Mrs. Parke C. Bagby the authority to com-Linchicum is alleged to have been the Helen Marguerite Oliver, the infant aughter of Mr. C. S. Oliver, died yester-Lane is the son of a preacher who icised the conference plan and advocated

be adopted.

Mc Keezell opposed the amendment and